

Oracle Database 10g: Administration Workshop I Release 2

Duration: 5 Days

What you will learn

This course is your first step towards success as an Oracle professional, designed to give you a firm foundation in basic database administration. In this class, you'll learn how to install and maintain an Oracle database. You will gain a conceptual understanding of the Oracle database architecture and how its components work and interact with one another. You will also learn how to create an operational database and properly manage the various structures in an effective and efficient manner including performance monitoring, database security, user management, and backup/recovery techniques. The lesson topics are reinforced with structured hands-on practices. This course is designed to prepare you for the corresponding Oracle Certified Associate exam. This course counts towards the Hands-on course requirement for the Oracle Database 10g Administrator Certification. Only instructor-led inclass or instructor-led online formats of this course will meet the Certification Hands-on Requirement. Self Study CD-Rom and Knowledge Center courses DO NOT meet the Hands-on Requirement.

Learn To:

- Install the Database
- Back up and Recover Data
- Administer Users
- Transport Data between Databases
- Manage Data
- Configure the Network

Audience

- Database Administrators
- Database Designers
- Project Manager
- Sales Consultants
- Support Engineer
- Technical Consultant

Prerequisites

Required Prerequisites
Working knowledge of SQL

Course Objectives

- Install Oracle Database 10g and configure a database
- Manage the Oracle instance
- Manage the Database storage structures
- Create and administer user accounts
- Perform backup and recovery of a database

Monitor, troubleshoot, and maintain a database
Configure Oracle Net services
Move data between databases and files

Course Topics

Introduction (Database Architecture)

Describe course objectives
Explore the Oracle 10g database architecture

Installing the Oracle Database Software

Explain core DBA tasks and tools
Plan an Oracle installation
Use optimal flexible architecture
Install software with the Oracle Universal Installer (OUI)

Creating an Oracle Database

Create a database with the Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA)
Create a database design template with the DBCA
Generate database creation scripts with the DBCA

Managing the Oracle Instance

Start and stop the Oracle database and components
Use Enterprise Manager (EM)
Access a database with SQL*Plus and iSQL*Plus
Modify database initialization parameters
Understand the stages of database startup
View the Alert log
Use the Data Dictionary

Managing Database Storage Structures

Describe table data storage (in blocks)
Define the purpose of tablespaces and data files
Understand and utilize Oracle Managed Files (OMF)
Create and manage tablespaces
Obtain tablespace information
Describe the main concepts and functionality of Automatic Storage Management (ASM)

Administering User Security

Create and manage database user accounts
Authenticate users
Assign default storage areas (tablespaces)
Grant and revoke privileges
Create and manage roles
Create and manage profiles
Implement standard password security features
Control resource usage by users

Managing Schema Objects

Define schema objects and data types
Create and modify tables

- Define constraints
- View the columns and contents of a table
- Create indexes, views and sequences
- Explain the use of temporary tables
- Use the Data Dictionary

Managing Data and Concurrency

- Manage data through SQL
- Identify and administer PL/SQL Objects
- Describe triggers and triggering events
- Monitor and resolve locking conflicts

Managing Undo Data

- Explain DML and undo data generation
- Monitor and administer undo
- Describe the difference between undo and redo data
- Configure undo retention
- Guarantee undo retention
- Use the undo advisor

Implementing Oracle Database Security

- Describe DBA responsibilities for security
- Apply the principle of least privilege
- Enable standard database auditing
- Specify audit options
- Review audit information
- Maintain the audit trail

Configuring the Oracle Network Environment

- Use Enterprise Manager for configuring the Oracle network environment
- Create additional listeners
- Create Net Service aliases
- Configure connect-time failover
- Control the Oracle Net Listener
- Test Oracle Net connectivity
- Identify when to use shared versus dedicated servers

Proactive Maintenance

- Use statistics
- Manage the Automatic Workload Repository (AWR)
- Use the Automatic Database Diagnostic Monitor (ADDM)
- Describe advisory framework
- Set alert thresholds
- Use server-generated alerts
- Use automated tasks

Performance Management

- Use Enterprise Manager pages to monitor performance
- Use the SQL Tuning Advisor
- Use the SQL Access Advisor
- Use Automatic Shared Memory Management
- Use the Memory Advisor to size memory buffers

Use performance related dynamic views
Troubleshoot invalid or unusable objects

Backup and Recovery Concepts

Identify the types of failure that may occur in an Oracle Database
Describe ways to tune instance recovery
Identify the importance of checkpoints, redo log files, and archived log files
Configure ARCHIVELOG mode

Performing Database Backups

Create consistent database backups
Back your database up without shutting it down
Create incremental backups
Automate database backups
Monitor the flash recovery area

Performing Database Recovery

Recover from loss of a control file
Recover from loss of a redo log file
Perform complete recovery following the loss of a data file

Performing Flashback

Describe Flashback database
Restore the table content to a specific point in the past with Flashback Table
Recover from a dropped table
View the contents of the database as of any single point in time with Flashback Query
See versions of a row over time with Flashback Versions Query
View the transaction history of a row with Flashback Transaction Query

Moving Data

Describe available ways for moving data
Create and use directory objects
Use SQL*Loader to load data from a non-Oracle database (or user files)
Explain the general architecture of Data Pump
Use Data Pump Export and Import to move data between Oracle databases
Use external tables to move data via platform-independent files

Related Courses

Oracle Database 10g: Administration Workshop I Self-Study CD Course